

first and second cranks; and
first and second rocker links rotatably connected to
respective cranks, wherein one of the first crank and the first
rocker link is [rotatably] connected to the frame and moves about
an axis relative thereto, and the other of the first crank and
the first rocker link is [rotatably] connected to the first force
receiving member and moves about an axis relative thereto, and
one of the second crank and the second rocker link is [rotatably]
connected to the frame and moves about an axis relative thereto,
and the other of the second crank and the second rocker link is
[rotatably] connected to the second force receiving member and
moves about an axis relative thereto.

8. An exercise apparatus, comprising:
first and second cranks;
first and second rocker links rotatably connected to
respective cranks to form respective first and second crank and
rocker link combinations;
a frame designed to rest upon a floor surface; and
first and second force receiving members, each sized
and configured to accommodate a person's foot, wherein the first
crank and rocker link combination is [rotatably] movably
interconnected between the first force receiving member and the
frame, and the second crank and rocker link combination is
[rotatably] movably interconnected between the second force
receiving member and the frame.

15

21. An elliptical motion exercise apparatus, comprising:
a frame designed to rest upon a floor surface;
first and second force receiving members, each sized
and configured to accommodate a [persons'] person's foot;
first and second crank assemblies interconnected
between the frame and respective first and second force receiving
members, wherein each of the assemblies includes (a) a crank
which rotates about a crank axis and has a connection point
disposed at a radial distance from the crank axis; and (b) a
means for (i) limiting [maximum] displacement of the force
receiving members in a first direction to [a crank diameter
defined by each said crank] twice the radial distance, and [for]
(ii) allowing [maximum] relatively greater displacement of the
force receiving members in a second, perpendicular direction [to
be determined by] in response to user exerted force applied to
the force receiving members, whereby the force receiving members
are movable through respective closed loops which vary in
configuration according to the user exerted force.

Remarks

In the subject Action, the Examiner objected to the drawings
because the right side of the apparatus shown in Figure 11
extends to the edge of the drawing sheet. In response, Applicant
requests that substitute Figure 11 be accepted (with "break
lines" on the parts that are not shown in their entirety).